

Introduction to the SEEA: A policy perspective

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1. Information needs for sustainable development



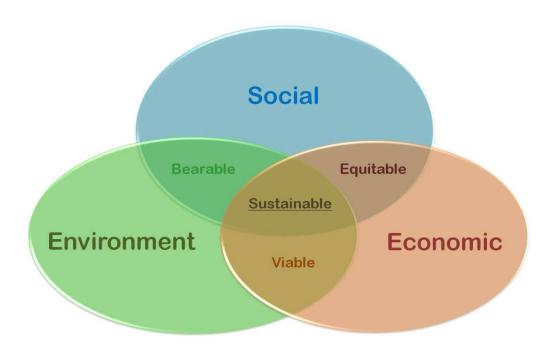
Sustainable Development Initiatives

- Agenda 21
- Rio+20 outcome document
- High-Level Panel Report on the Post-2015 Development Agenda
- SDGs monitoring
- European legislation
- International initiatives
 - OECD's Green Growth Strategy, WAVES, VANTAGE, UNEP-led Green Economy programme, CBD Aichi Targets, TEEB



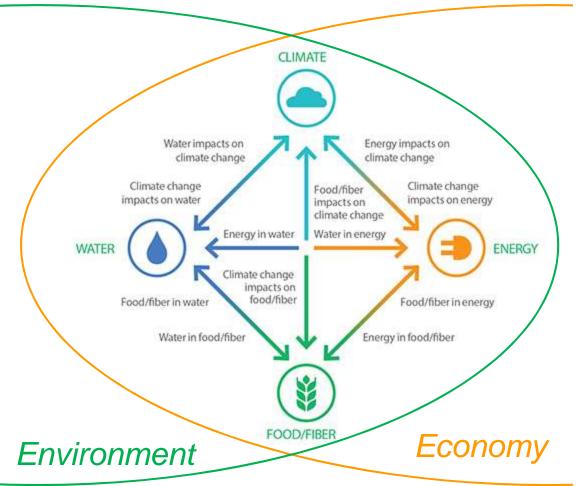


Sustainable Development: Integration



- The economy impacts the environment and the environment impacts the economy
- Need to understand these inter-linkages and incorporate them into policy design

Environment-Economy: Integration



- Environmental policy must consider a number of different natural systems which are interconnected
 - E.g. Water-Energy-Food-Climate Change nexus
- Policy should recognize synergies and trade-offs between these different systems



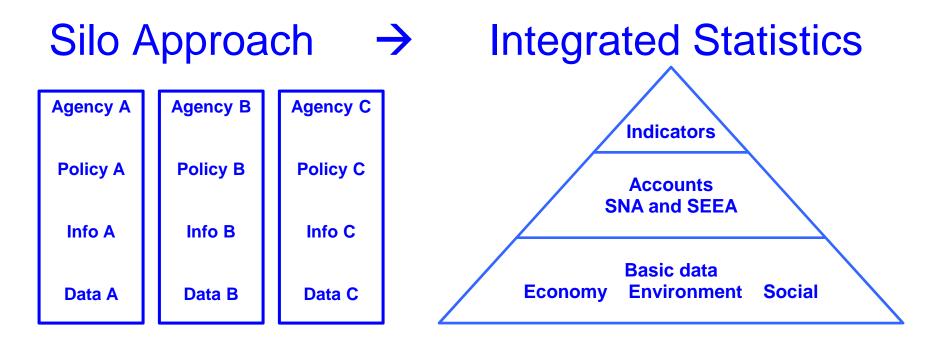
Statistics for Sustainable Development

Sustainable Development Policy should:

- 1. Take an integrated approach: Policy should be based on a better understanding of interactions and tradeoffs between the different realms of sustainability
- 2. Be based on evidence: Policy should, to the greatest extent possible, be informed by rigorously established evidence

To achieve this, an information system is needed to support policy analysis and decisions, which provides integrated information on;

- The multiple issues relevant to sustainable development
- The interconnections between these issues



Accounts to integrate statistics:

- Linking policy needs and statistics
- Understanding the institutional arrangements
- Integrated statistical production process/chain and services
- Consistency between basic data, accounts and tables and indicators









2. The SEEA: responding to information needs



The System of Environmental Economic Accounting (SEEA)

- An internationally agreed statistical framework to measure the environment and its interactions with economy
- The SEEA Central Framework was adopted as an international statistical standard by the UN Statistical Commission in 2012
- The SEEA Experimental Ecosystem Accounts complement the Central Framework and represent international efforts toward coherent ecosystem accounting



The SNA and SEEA: Systems of integrated information



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One Environment: Two Perspectives

SEEA

Central Framework:

Individual Environmental Assets/ Resources

> Timber Water Soil

> > Fish



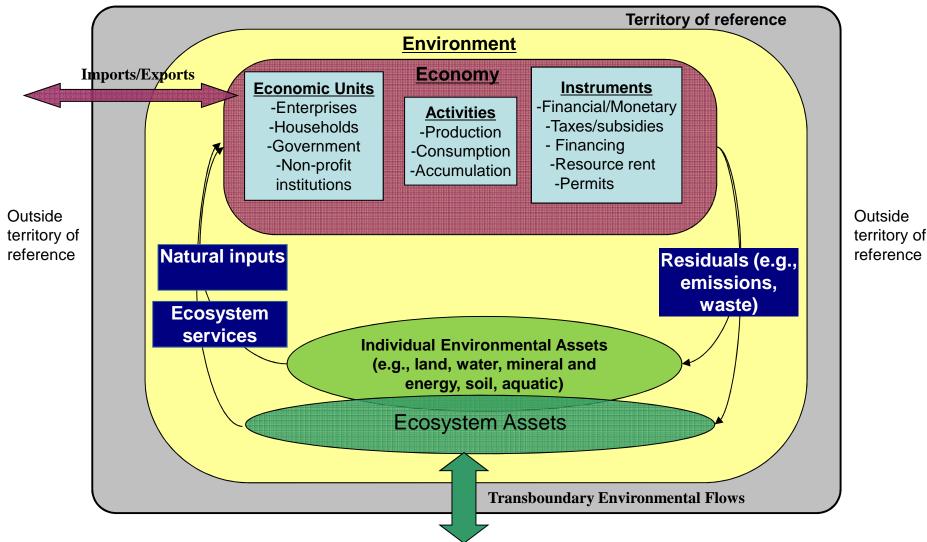
SEEA Experimental Ecosystem Accounts:

Ecosystem Assets (spatially based)

Forests Lakes Agricultural areas

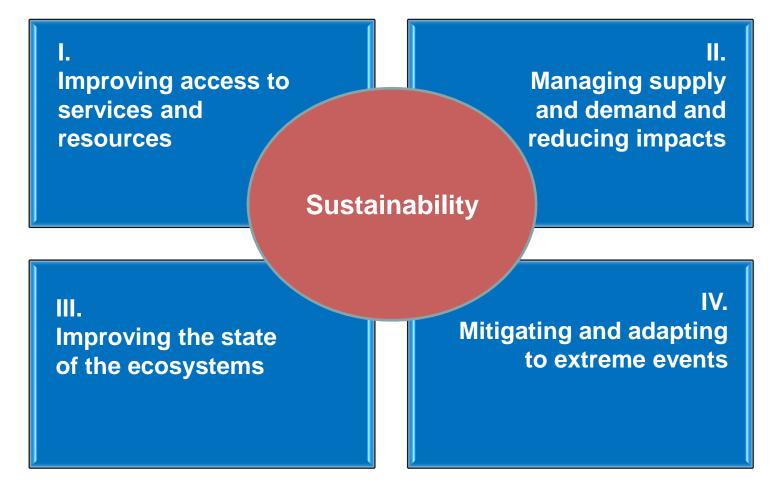
Ecosystem Assets are environmental assets viewed from a systems perspective

SEEA Conceptual Framework





Policy Quadrants and the SEEA





Integration of environmental-economic information

- The SEEA provides a tool for the effective integration of environmental economic data
- This integration can take a number of forms:
 - 1. Presentation of different information using common format and classifications
 - 2. Presentation of descriptive statistics and indicators on pressure, state response
 - 3. Construction of analytical models for environmental-economic analysis



Integrated environmental and socioeconomic data for policy

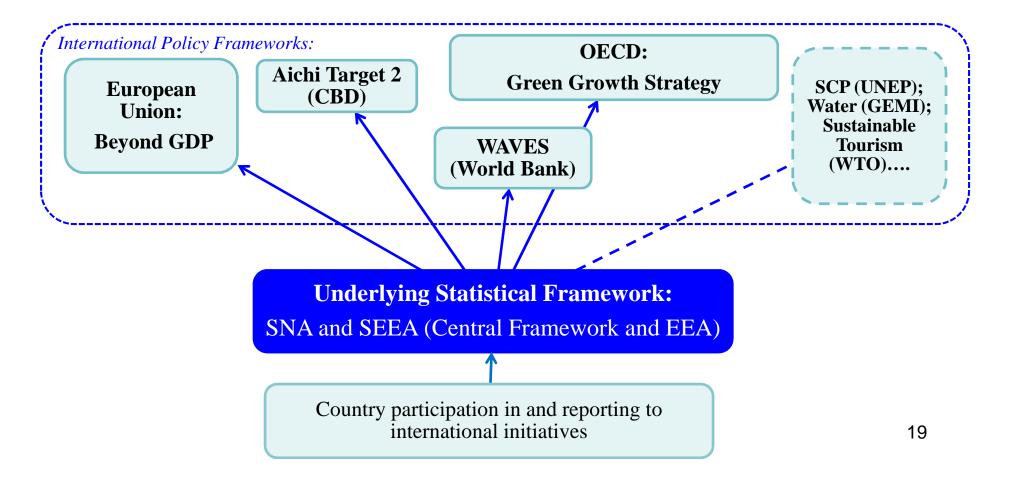
- 1. Enable analysis of the impact of economic policies on the environment and vice versa
- 2. Identify the socio-economic drivers, pressures, impacts and responses affecting the environment
- 3. Provide a quantitative basis for policy design, including;
 - Productivity analysis
 - Natural resource management
- 4. Support greater precision for environmental regulations and resource management strategies
- 5. Provides indicators that express the relationships between the environment and the economy



3. International policy initiatives and implementation of the SEEA



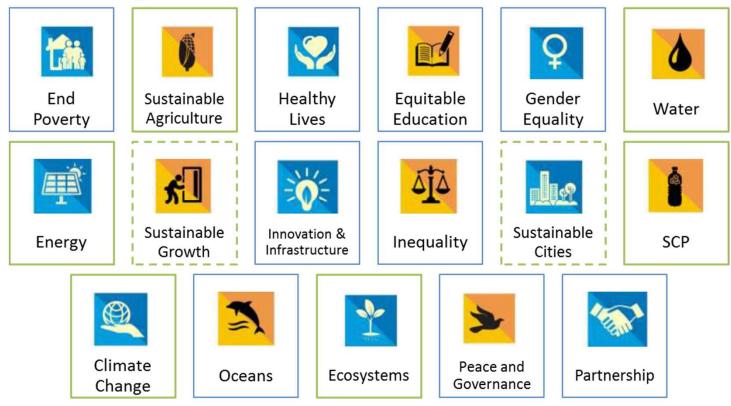
SEEA has been adopted by many international policy initiatives;





Sustainable Development Goals and SEEA

The SEEA is an important statistical framework for monitoring the SDGs in an integrated way:





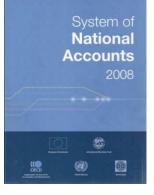
Indicators based on Standards

- Higher quality
- International comparability
- Comprehensive basis for (dis)aggregation

Statistical Standards

- Aligned Definitions and Classifications
- Improved capacity to compare and/or combine statistics from different sectors
 - Basis for coherent and comprehensive data sets









Implementation Tools

- 1. Implementation Strategy
- 2. Implementation Guide and Diagnostic Tool
- 3. Technical Notes and Core Tables
- 4. Compilation Guidelines
 - Water
 - More being developed...
- 5. SEEA Training
 - Current online and in-person phase
 - In-depth modules being further developed



Questions?